

riag Oberflächentechnik AG · Postfach 169 · CH-9545 Wängi TG

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## riag PZn 941

# Activating agent for immersion- and spray phosphating processes based on titanium phosphate

**riag PZn 941** is a powdery activating agent which is added to the rinsing bath before an immersion or spray phosphating process. **riag PZn 941** has the effect to produce uniform and microcrystalline zinc phosphate coatings on iron, steel, aluminum and zinc-plated surfaces. **riag PZn 941** can also be applied with hard water and belt conveyer systems.

### **Properties**

- Easy to operate, broad working area
- Suitable for applications in belt conveyer systems
- Produces uniform microcrystalline coatings
- Limited suitable for applications in hard water

#### Make up

	Application	Standard value
riag PZn 941 Additive	Spray process	0.05 – 1.0 g/L
riag PZn 941 Additive	Immersion process	0.5 – 5.0 g/L
Temperature		20 – 40 °C

Fill tank with water up to <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of the final volume. Add the required amount **riag PZn 941 Additive** and fill up with water to the final volume. Heat the activator to a working temperature of at least 20 °C. If hard water is applied (over 20 °dH) use the maximum concentration for the make up; for soft water or DI water the concentration of the make up can be reduced considerably.

## **Operating parameters**

Temperature	20 – 40 °C		
Time	5 – 120 s, depending on concentration, temperature and agitation		
Make up	The concentration of the make up depends on the water quality, temperature and the specific process parameters.		
Total alkalinity	Immersion:2.5 – 25 points (in DI water)Spray:0.25 – 5 points (in DI water)To increase the total alkalinity by 1 pointadd 0.2 g riag PZn 941 Additive /L electrolyte.		
Conductivity	Immersion: $500 - 5000 \ \mu S \ cm^{-1}$ (DI water)Spray: $50 - 1000 \ \mu S \ cm^{-1}$ (DI water)To increase the conductivity by $100 \ \mu S \ cm^{-1}$ add 0.1 g riag PZn 941 Additive /L electrolyte.		
	Conductivity and total alkalinity is affected by the quality of water and the drag-in of rinsing water.		
pH – Value	8.0 – 10.5		
Agitation	effective agitation is recommended		
Parts movement	Barrel: 6 – 12 rpm Rack : 1 – 2 m/min.		
Tank	Tank and installations: construction steel. However, we recommend the use of stainless steel, particularly when using demineralised water.		
Heating	Stainless steel heaters		
Cooling	not necessary		
Exhaustion	according to law		

#### Process

**riag PZn 941** is monitored by measuring the pH-value and the conductivity or by measuring the pH-value and the total alkalinity. If the effectiveness of the activator decreases **riag PZn 941 Additive** has to be added or a new make up is necessary.

#### Environmental considerations and product safety

All concentrates, rinse waters and waste solution must be treated and discharged in accordance with local effluent control regulations. Information can be gleaned from the material safety data sheets. Chemicals shall not be stored below 10 °C.

### Liability

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## Analysis (Analytical methods)

Sample preparation: The sample must be taken from a well-mixed location and allowed to cool down to 25 °C.

#### Total alkalinity in activations

Reagents:	Sulphuric acid 0.05 mol/L Bromocresol green (0.1 % in ethanol)	
Procedure:	100 mL	activation are transferred via pipette into a
	250 mL	beaker, add
	5 drops	bromocresol green
		Titrate with sulphuric acid from blue to yellow.
Calculation:	Use of H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	in mL = total alkalinity (points)